ADOPT-A-TREE VIEWBOOK

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COMMEMORATE A BIRTH, MARRIAGE, OR MEMORY OF A LOVED ONE.



Vancouver Botanical Gardens Association



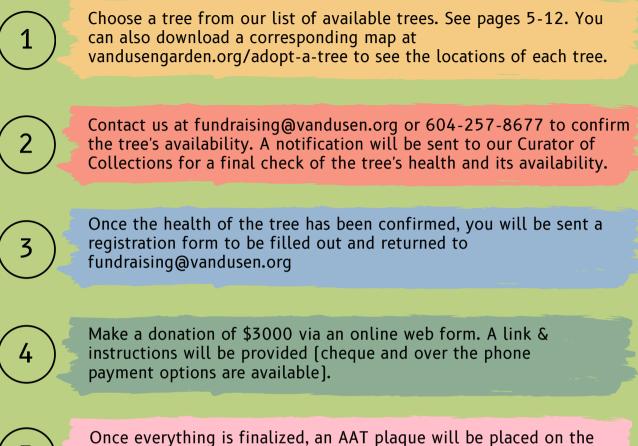
ADOPT A TREE FOR A 10 YEAR PERIOD WITH A DONATION OF \$3000.

ADOPTING A TREE IS A SPECIAL BOND THAT DEEPENS OUR CONNECTION WITH PLANTS.

FOR EACH ADOPTION, A PLAQUE WILL BE PLACED ON THE TREE WITH THE NAME OF A LOVED ONE AND A SHORT MESSAGE.

MEET THE ANIMALS THAT CALL OUR TREES HOME.

HOW TO ADOPT A TREE



5

Once everything is finalized, an AAT plaque will be placed on the tree and a photo will be sent to you by email along with the completed registration form.

Please note...

Once registered, it can take up to two weeks for a plaque to be installed on a tree. Due to restrictions and reduced staff schedules, this may take longer.

Payment plans are available if needed.

There are approximately 700 trees in the adoption program!

If a tree is removed, damaged, or dies, the VBGA will attempt to contact you and a new tree can be adopted in its place for the remainder of the adoption period.

If a plaque breaks or goes missing, please let us know and we will replace the plaque as soon as possible.



LIST OF AVAILABLE TREES



DOUGLAS FIR Pseudotsuga menziesii

Map # AT1 Grid # F1 Bed # 23B ACC # NA

Native to Western North America Located in the Founders Plaza. Easy to access and visit since it is located outside of the VanDusen Parking Lot.

Dominant species of the Pacific Northwest temperate rainforests. Old growth trees live to over 800 years and grow up to 300 ft. One of the tallest trees in the world.



DOUGLAS FIR Pseudotsuga menziesii

Map # AT2 Grid # F1 Bed # 23B ACC # NA

Native to Western North America

Located in the Founders Plaza. Easy to access and visit since it is located outside of the VanDusen Parking Lot.

Dominant species of the Pacific Northwest temperate rainforests. Old growth trees live to over 800 years and grow up to 300 ft. One of the tallest trees in the world.



Map # AT3 Grid # F3 Bed # 107A ACC # 1974-0170

Native to Eastern United States & Southeast Canada

Located in our Eastern North America collection.

Butternut is a species of walnut with edible nuts. They were used by Indigenous people to make oils for various purposes and both the bark and nut rinds were used to make a yelloworange dye.



GOLDEN LARCH Pseudolarix amabilis

Map # AT4 Grid # C3 Bed # 74 ACC # 1974-0445

Native to Eastern China

Located in our Sino-Himalayan Garden, overlooking the Great Lawn.

Deciduous conifer with golden needles in fall. More closely related to Cedrus, not a true larch, but has a very similar needle arrangement.





HIMAI AYAN OR DEODAR CEDAR

Cedrus deodara

Map # AT5 Grid # C3 Bed # 122 ACC # 1980-1086

Native to the Himalayas

Located in our Sino Himalayan collection.

A divine tree, worshipped in Hindu culture and referenced in ancient Hindu texts as forming sacred forests. The species name deodara is from the Sanskrit word devadāru, meaning "wood of the gods".



WILLOWLEAF MAGNOLIA Magnolia salicifolia

Map # AT6 Grid # C1 Bed # 86 ACC # 2015-0122

Located near Japanese Collection.

White flowers, narrow leaves that smell like anise when crushed.



SNAKFBARK MAPLE Acer 'white tigress'

Map # AT7 Grid # B1 Bed # 128 ACC # 2016-0225 A cross between Acer tegmentosum (Manchurian snakebark maple) and A. davidii (Chinese snakebark

maple).

Located in our Sino Himalayan collection at the entrance to the Fern Dell.

The Stunning green and white striped bark on this small oval maple tree gives it year-round colour. The Foliage has orange and yellow tints in autumn. This tree can grow to 30 ft tall.

PAPERBARK MAPLE Located along our Rhododendron walk. Acor arioo **ADOPTED**

preading tree that can with beautiful coppery ark, inspiring the name tree has Showy

ange to red foliage in fall.

Native to central China



CHINESE WITCH HAZEL

Hamamelis millis

Map # AT9 Grid # C1 Bed # 73 ACC # 1973-0330

Native to China (Hubei & Jiangxi)

Located near the Rhododendron Walk.

Spidery yellow flowers bloom in winter and have an intense scent. Nice yellow fall colour.

OYAMA MAGNOLIA Magnolia sieboldii Map # AT10 Grid # C1 Bed # 86 ACC # 2011-0105

Located near Japanese Collection.

Small tree, white flowers with red stamens, multiple trunks.



Map # AT11 Grid # B1 Bed # 130A ACC # 1992-0505 Native to woodlands in Southwestern China

HIMALAYAN OR DEODAR CEDAR

Cedrus deodara

Map # AT12 Grid # B2 Bed # 121B ACC # 1979-1660

Native to the Himalayas

Located near our Fern Dell.

Also called the "wedding cake tree," this tree produces small creamy-white flowers that appear in flattened clusters. These blossoms will also give way to black berries in late summer/early fall that are enjoyed by various birds.

Located near the waterfall close to the Meconopsis Dell.

A divine tree, worshipped in Hindu culture and referenced in ancient Hindu texts as forming sacred forests . The species name deodara is from the Sanskrit word devadāru, meaning "wood of the gods".



CUTLEAF JAPANESE MAPLE

ADOPTED

Located in the backyard bird garden.

The Koto No ito Japanese Maple is a

ell deciduous tree, with rge in crimson tones right green, and then autumn. Koro No Ito

ans Golden Old Harp".



MANCHURIAN ALDER

Alnus hirsuta

Map # AT13 Grid # E1 Bed # 90A ACC # 1978-0699

Located near the Lathhouse.

The Machurian Alder is a medium-sized, deciduous, upright tree that is native to Japan, Korea, Manchuria, Siberia, and the Russian Far East. It has dangling catkins that appear in the spring before the leaves emerge, and brown cone-like fruit in the autumn.



HIMALAYAN DEODAR CEDAR Cedrus Deodera

Map # AT14 Grid # B2 Bed # 126D ACC # 1979-1662

Located near the Sino-Himalayan Garden.

A divine tree, worshipped in Hindu culture and referenced in ancient Hindu texts as forming sacred forests . The species name deodara is from the Sanskrit word devadāru, meaning "wood of the gods".

TREMBLING ASPENLocated near the Canadian HeritageOR WHITE POPLARGarden (backdrop of Medicine Wheel).

ADOPTED

uous tree that forms up to 25 m (82 ft) tall uale grey to white bark. mutter in the slightest

breeze with a soft rustling sound, due to their flattened, pivoting leaf stalk.

1994-0484



SPANISH FIR Abies pinsapo

Map # AT16 Grid # D3 Bed # 71 ACC # 1975-0106

Native to southern Spain and Northern Morocco

Located near the Heather Pond.

Fir tree with gray bark and blue-green needles streaked with white wax. Lives at altitudes of 900–1,800 metres. Despite conservation efforts, Spanish fir is still under threat by fires, urban projects, erosion, and excessive visitors.



BLACK MULBERRY Morus nigra

Map # AT17 Grid # C1 Bed # 73 ACC # 2016-0185

Native to southwestern Asia

Located among evergreen azaleas along the Rhododendron Walk.

Long cultivated for its edible fruit. Distinguishable from the other mulberries by the uniformly hairy lower surface of its leaves. Black mulberry was introduced in some areas in the hope of cultivating silkworms, but silkworms prefer the white mulberry.



JAPANESE WHITE PINE

Pinus parviflora 'Tempelhof'

Map # AT18 Grid # C1 Bed # 86 ACC # 2012-0045 Garden origin

Located in the Japanese Collection.

Pyramidal blue-green pine with ecru shoots in spring. Long-lived, up to 1000 years. A popular tree for bonsia and as ornamental trees in gardens and parks.

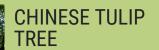
AKEBONO OR Located

Located in the Autumn Stroll.

ADOPTED ALLO Pretty cherry, enthusiastic bloomer with k flowers eventually ite. Autumn colours to orange.

Garden origin





ADOPTED

Native to China (Hubei & Jiangxi)



BALD CYPRESS

Taxodium distichum var. distichum

Map # AT21 Grid # F4 Bed # 27W ACC #

Native to swamps wetlands of southeastern USA

Located in the R. Roy Forester Cypress Pond.

Forms "cypress knees" (root projections) when grown in or near water. The purpose of the knees is a topic of scientific debate. Beautiful bronze colour in fall before needles are shed.



JAPANESE STEWARTIA Stewartia pseudocamellia

Map # AT22 Grid # C1 Bed # 46E ACC # 1973-0868

Native to Japan

Located along the Rhododendron Walk.

Beautiful white camellia-like flowers with gold stamens in early summer. Elegant shape and beautiful bark provide winter interest.



WEEPING BEECH Fagus sylvatica 'Pendula' Located in the Beech collection in the Great Lawn.



characterized by its bing, pendulous hice wooden bench it spooky looking in

me autumn. Very unique specimen.

Located in the Sino-Himalayan Garden.

Tulip-shaped leaves and yellow-green

epring at the top of this inter, branches from le colour and trunk.